



EXPORT CATALOGUE · 2026

Fresh Vegetables from India

16 export lines, conventional and certified organic, plus Chausa mango, banana leaf and dehydrated onion and garlic. Sourcing, compliance, packaging, cold chain and per-market import requirements, with a focus on Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam, Singapore, the UK and the USA.

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India's edge in fresh vegetables

India is the world's second-largest producer of vegetables, after China. Two things set it apart for an importer: the range of agro-climatic zones, which keeps most lines in season somewhere in the country all year, and a set of vegetables that only India supplies at export scale.

215.7 MMT

Vegetable output
2024-25 (3rd advance
estimate)

30.8 MMT

Onion output 2024-25

USD 526 M

Fresh onion exports FY
2024-25, 1.15 MMT

> 60%

India's share of world
okra output

Why India holds its position

SCALE AND SEASONS

Onion runs on three crops (kharif, late kharif, rabi), and rabi onion stores for months, so supply is year-round. Potato and garlic are cold-stored after harvest. Chilli, okra and gourds are grown across several states, so when one region is off-season another is harvesting.

PROXIMITY AND TRADE AGREEMENTS

Gulf ports are 7-12 days by sea and ASEAN ports 7-20 days. Air freight reaches Singapore, Kuala Lumpur, Dubai and London overnight. AITIGA (ASEAN), CEPA (UAE), CECA (Singapore) and MICECA (Malaysia) cut or remove import duty on qualifying shipments.

VEGETABLES ONLY INDIA SHIPS AT SCALE

Drumstick (moringa pods), tendli (ivy gourd), bottle gourd, suran and G4 green chilli are staples for the Indian, South Asian and Gulf communities in Singapore, Malaysia, the UK, the USA and the Middle East. No other origin supplies them in volume.

EXPORT INFRASTRUCTURE

APEDA farm and packhouse registration (HortiNet traceability), NABL-accredited residue labs, perishable cargo centres at the major airports, and reefer services from Nhava Sheva, Mundra, Chennai and Tuticorin.

Sources: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, horticulture 3rd advance estimates 2024-25; APEDA export data FY 2024-25; darsavioexim.com product pages. Onion regions: Maharashtra (home to Asia's largest onion market), Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat.

What goes into the price of export-grade produce

Buyers comparing an Indian export quote with Indian wholesale prices, or with a neighbouring origin, often see a large gap. Most of it is not margin. It is the cost of getting a perishable product to a foreign port in a condition that clears inspection and still sells.

Cost line	Why it exists
Grading and pack-out loss	Export specs fix size, colour, firmness and defect limits. Only part of each harvest qualifies; the rest goes back to the domestic market at a lower price, and the export lot carries that difference.
Residue testing	Chilli and drumstick fall under APEDA's mandatory pre-export pesticide protocol: samples drawn from many farms and tested at an accredited lab before dispatch. EU and UK buyers expect the same for most lines.
Pre-cooling and cold chain	Field heat must be removed within hours of harvest, then the lot stays at a set temperature through the packhouse, truck, reefer or aircraft hold and the destination store.
Freight	Short-shelf-life lines (chilli, okra, drumstick, tendli, gourds) travel by air, where freight can be the largest single cost line. Reefer containers cost more than dry boxes and carry less payload.
Certification and paperwork	Phytosanitary certificate, certificate of origin, lab reports, organic transaction certificates and destination-specific permits (RIPH/SPI, MAQIS, IPAFFS, FDA Prior Notice).
Policy risk	India restricts onion exports when domestic prices spike: exports were prohibited from December 2023 to May 2024, and a 20% export duty applied from September 2024 until it was withdrawn on 1 April 2025. Contracts price in that risk.

Why buyers still choose India

Year-round volume, varieties no other origin supplies, short transit to the Gulf and ASEAN, and duty preferences under India's trade agreements. For onion in particular, India is one of the few origins that can load full reefer programmes every month of the year.

Product range at a glance

HS codes per the Indian Customs Tariff (8-digit). Mode is the usual one; sea-freight trials for air lines are possible on short routes.

Product	HS code	Main sourcing regions	Season	Mode	Key buyers
Red onion	0703 10 19	Maharashtra, Karnataka, MP, Gujarat	Year-round	Sea	Bangladesh, Malaysia, Sri Lanka, UAE, Indonesia
Rose onion (Bangalore, GI)	0703 10 11	Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh	Year-round	Sea	Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand
Shallots (small onion)	0703 10 20	Tamil Nadu, Karnataka	Seasonal	Sea	Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, Gulf
Garlic	0703 20 00	MP, Rajasthan, Gujarat	Feb–Apr, stored	Sea	Bangladesh, Malaysia, Gulf
Potato	0701 90 00	UP, West Bengal, Bihar, Gujarat	Jan–Mar, stored	Sea	Nepal, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Gulf
Tomato	0702 00 00	Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, MP	Year-round	Road / sea	Nepal, Bangladesh, Gulf
Green chilli G4	0709 60 10	Andhra Pradesh, Telangana	Year-round	Air	UAE, UK, Singapore, Malaysia
Okra	0709 99 30	Gujarat, MP, West Bengal, Bihar	Year-round	Air	UK, UAE, Singapore, USA
Drumstick	0709 99 90	Tamil Nadu, AP, Karnataka	Year-round	Air	UAE, UK, Singapore, Malaysia
Brinjal	0709 30 00	West Bengal, Odisha, Gujarat	Year-round	Air	Singapore, UAE (main); UK, Gulf
Bitter gourd	0709 93 30	Multiple states	Year-round	Air	UK, Gulf, Singapore, Malaysia
Bottle gourd	0709 93 40	Bihar, MP	Year-round	Air	UK, Gulf, Singapore
Tendli (ivy gourd)	0709 93 60	Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka	Year-round	Air	USA, UK, Gulf, Singapore
Suran (elephant foot yam)	0714 90 90	Bihar, West Bengal, Kerala, Odisha	Stored, cured	Sea	UK, Gulf, USA
Fresh ginger	0910 11 10	MP, Karnataka; Kerala & NE (premium)	Dec–Mar, stored	Sea / air	Bangladesh, Gulf, UK, USA
Mango Chausa	0804 50 23	Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Punjab	Jul–Aug	Air / sea	UAE, Gulf, UK, USA (irradiated)
Banana leaf	0709 99 20	Tamil Nadu, Kerala	Year-round	Air	UAE only

Organic versions are available for most lines through certified partner farms; see the organic section. Buyer lists reflect established trade lanes, not a guarantee of market access. Access for each product and destination is covered in the focus-market pages.

Onion, shallots, garlic, potato & tomato



Pictured: a graded red onion lot packed for a Dubai consignment.

Red onion HS 0703 10 19

Sizes: 25–40 mm (small), 40–55 mm, 55–70 mm, 70 mm+ · **Spec:** dry necks, tight dark-red skin, no sprouting, rot or neck damage · **Pack:** 5 / 10 / 20 / 25 kg leno mesh, 25 kg jute · **Stores:** rabi crop keeps for months when cured.

Bangalore rose onion & shallots HS 0703 10 11 · 0703 10 20

Bangalore rose onion is a GI-registered small, pungent onion with a purplish skin, prized in South-East Asia for pickling and cooking. Shallots (small or "sambar" onion) are clustered bulbs of 15–30 mm. **Pack:** 5–25 kg mesh.



Garlic HS 0703 20 00

Types: single-clove (Tamil Nadu hills / Himalayan states, premium) and multi-clove (Madhya Pradesh / Rajasthan), including G-282 (Yamuna Safed-3), a large white bulb popular in the UAE · **Sizes:** 25 mm+, 35 mm+, 45 mm+ · **Pack:** 5 / 10 / 20 kg mesh or carton.



Potato HS 0701 90 00

Types: table varieties (Kufri Jyoti, Kufri Pukhraj) and processing varieties (Kufri Chipsona, Lady Rosetta) · **Sizes:** 40–60 mm, 60–80 mm · **Pack:** 25 / 50 kg jute or mesh · Cold-stored after the Jan–Mar harvest.



Tomato HS 0702 00 00

Short-shelf-life line for neighbouring and Gulf markets. Graded at the collection centre, picked at the breaker or turning stage, packed in 5–10 kg crates or cartons. Mostly moves by road to Nepal and Bangladesh.

Chilli, okra, drumstick & gourds



Pictured: G4 green chilli weighed and bagged at the packhouse before dispatch.



Green chilli G4 HS 0709 60 10

Guntur-4 / Sannam S4, thick skin, slender pods, 25,000–40,000 SHU. **Export size** 6–10 cm, dark green, blemish-free. **Checks:** APEDA mandatory residue protocol, lab result in 36 h. **Pack:** 5 kg / 10 kg ventilated CFB, 5 kg EPS. **Shelf life** 12–15 days pre-cooled at 4–6°C.



Okra (bhindi, bamia) HS 0709 99 30

AGMARK-graded. **Export size** 8–12 cm × 1–1.5 cm, small, tender, non-fibrous. **Pack:** 5 kg / 10 kg CFB, 5 kg EPS. **Shelf life** 8–12 days at 8–10°C.



Drumstick (moringa pods) HS 0709 99 90

PKM-1 / PKM-2 cultivars, tender pods 20–50 cm, about 10 mm diameter, straight and borer-free. **Checks:** APEDA mandatory residue protocol. **Pack:** 4 kg mesh, 5–7 kg CFB or EPS. **Shelf life** 7–10 days at 5–8°C.



Tendli (ivy gourd, tindora) HS 0709 93 60

Small, firm, unblemished pods from Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Karnataka. **Pack:** 5 kg / 10 kg CFB, 5 kg EPS. One of the most perishable lines; dispatch is timed to the flight.



Bottle gourd HS 0709 93 40

Tender, light green, 20–40 cm, 0.5–1.5 kg; Pusa Naveen and Pusa Meghdoot cultivars. **Pack:** 5 / 10 kg CFB or crates. Shelf life 7–9 days chilled.



Bitter gourd (karela) HS 0709 93 30

Green, firm, ridged, 15–25 cm. Covered by APEDA's mandatory residue protocol. **Pack:** 5 / 10 kg CFB. Shelf life about 2 weeks at 12–13°C.



Brinjal (eggplant) HS 0709 30 00

Long purple (Pusa Kranti type), round and small (baby) types, glossy with a green calyx. Covered by APEDA's mandatory residue protocol. **Main markets: Singapore and the UAE;** Indonesia grows its own brinjal, so we do not offer it there. **Pack:** 5 / 10 kg CFB. Shelf life 1–2 weeks at 10–12°C.

Quality checks on every lot

- Farm registration on APEDA HortiNet (traceability back to the plot)
- Pre-harvest interval records and input logs from the grower
- Residue testing at an NABL-accredited lab against the destination's MRLs
- Grading for size, colour and defects at the packhouse
- Pre-cooling to setpoint before loading
- Phytosanitary inspection by India's NPPO (DPPQS) before dispatch

Product data from darsavioexim.com product pages (fresh produce category). Grades and sizes are typical export specifications; buyer-specific specs are agreed on the proforma.

Ginger, suran, mango, banana leaf & dehydrated



Fresh ginger HS 0910 11 10

Madhya Pradesh leads on volume; Kerala, Meghalaya and Sikkim supply the premium low-fibre, aromatic grades traded as "Cochin" and "Calicut" ginger. Washed or unwashed, mature, bold rhizomes. **Checks:** Spices Board lab network, residue screening (EU MRLs are strict on ginger). **Pack:** 5 / 10 / 13 kg cartons, 20 kg mesh. **Mode:** sea in reefers at 12–14°C; air for small lots.



Suran (elephant foot yam) HS 0714 90 90

Gajendra and Sree Padma cultivars (non-acrid). Corms 3.6–13.6 kg, often halved for export packs. Cured in shade before dispatch, then keeps 2–3 months in cool, dry storage, so it suits sea freight. **Pack:** 5 / 13 kg jute or net bags.



Mango Chausa (Chaunsa) HS 0804 50 23

Late-season variety from Uttar Pradesh, harvested July–August when most Indian mangoes have finished. Fibreless and very sweet, commonly 20–24° Brix. AGMARK-graded, packed by piece count in 6 / 9 / 12 / 15 / 18-piece ventilated CFB cartons. **Treatment:** vapour heat or hot water for most markets; the USA requires irradiation (min. 400 Gy) at an APHIS-approved facility in India. **MOQ** 1 MT; 5–7 days from harvest confirmation in season.



Banana leaf HS 0709 99 20

Poovan-cultivar leaves from Tamil Nadu and Kerala, 45–60 cm, for food serving and packaging. The UAE is the world's largest importer of banana leaves, and we offer this line for UAE-bound orders only. Bundled in moisture-resistant wrap, flown from Chennai. **MOQ** 100 kg; 2–3 days from harvest confirmation.



Dehydrated onion & garlic HS 0712 20 00 · 0712 90 20

White and red onion as powder (200 mesh), granules, flakes and minced, plus dehydrated garlic powder and flakes, from Gujarat's dehydration processors. Moisture below 7%, steam sterilisation on request. **Pack:** 15 / 25 kg multi-wall paper with PE liner. **MOQ** 2.5 MT per SKU; 15–22 days from PO.

Certified organic vegetables & ethical sourcing

Organic fresh vegetables are available through our network of certified organic partner farms and grower groups, with the certificate matched to the destination market. The main lines are onion, garlic, ginger, okra, green chilli, bottle gourd and drumstick; availability depends on season and the certified acreage each season.

Destination	Certificate	How it works
India standard	NPOP (India Organic)	India's National Programme for Organic Production, run by APEDA. Each lot is traceable in TraceNet and ships with a Transaction Certificate.
European Union	EU Organic	Certification by an EU-recognised control body; each import is covered by an electronic Certificate of Inspection (COI) in TRACES.
United Kingdom	GB Organic	Certification by a control body recognised by the UK; the UK issues its own GB COI.
United States	USDA Organic (NOP)	USDA ended its recognition of India's NPOP in 2021, so US-bound organic produce must be certified directly to the USDA NOP by a USDA-accredited certifier. We source US organic lots from NOP-certified farms only.
ASEAN & Gulf	NPOP or buyer's scheme	Most buyers accept NPOP plus the destination's own labelling rules; some retailers ask for EU or USDA certification as well.

Ethical sourcing: what we commit to

DIRECT FARM AND FPO RELATIONSHIPS

We buy from farmer producer organisations (FPOs) and registered growers, with the price agreed before harvest and payment tracked to the grower.

LABOUR AND SAFETY

No child or forced labour. Packhouse workers get safe conditions and protective equipment. We work with partner packhouses that accept buyer or third-party audits.

TRACEABILITY

Every export lot maps back to registered farms through APEDA HortiNet (conventional) or TraceNet (organic), so a buyer's audit can reach the plot.

RESPONSIBLE INPUTS

Pesticide use is recorded against pre-harvest intervals and checked by lab tests before export. Organic lots use no synthetic inputs, as the certification standard requires. GLOBALG.A.P. and IndGAP-certified growers are available if your retailer requires them.

Certifications & compliance

Documents with every shipment

- Phytosanitary Certificate (DPPQS, India's NPPO), issued after inspection within the window the destination allows
- Certificate of Origin, including preferential forms: Form AI (ASEAN), CEPA (UAE), CECA (Singapore)
- Commercial Invoice, Packing List, Bill of Lading or Air Waybill
- Residue test report from an NABL-accredited lab
- APEDA registration (RCMC) and HortiNet farm and packhouse traceability
- FSSAI licence details; organic Transaction Certificate or COI for organic lots

Destination rules we plan for

Topic	What it means for the shipment
Maximum residue limits	Each market sets its own MRLs; the EU and UK are among the strictest, and Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore publish their own lists. The lab panel is chosen against the destination's MRLs, not India's.
Mandatory residue protocol	APEDA requires pre-export residue testing for green chilli, drumstick, brinjal, bitter gourd and curry leaf, with samples drawn from multiple farms per consignment.
Plant health	Pest-free inspection at the packhouse. The UAE also asks for a Tuta absoluta declaration on Capsicum (chilli). Wooden pallets are ISPM 15 treated and stamped.
Food safety	HACCP-based packhouse controls. BRCGS, ISO 22000, GLOBALG.A.P. and IndGAP certified partners are available on request.
Import permits	Held by the importer: RIPH and SPI (Indonesia), MAQIS permit (Malaysia), SFA licence (Singapore), IPAFFS notification (UK), FDA Prior Notice (USA). We supply the exporter-side data for each.

Certifications for specific standards (organic, GLOBALG.A.P., BRCGS, ISO 22000) are held by the partner farm or packhouse that supplies the lot. The certificate is named on the shipping documents.

Packaging specifications

Product	Standard export packs	Notes
Onion, shallots	5 / 10 / 20 / 25 kg leno mesh; 25 kg jute	Mesh must breathe; buyer-branded mesh available
Garlic	5 / 10 / 20 kg mesh; 10 kg carton	Consumer net sleeves on request
Potato	25 / 50 kg jute or mesh	Dark storage to prevent greening
Tomato	5–10 kg crates or ventilated cartons	Single or double layer
Green chilli	5 kg CFB 400×300×180 mm, 16 vent holes; 10 kg CFB 600×300×200 mm; 5 kg EPS	APEDA/IIP packaging standard for chilli
Okra	5 kg CFB 400×300×180 mm; 10 kg CFB 500×300×200 mm; 5 kg EPS	Single-use liners limit moisture loss
Drumstick	4 kg mesh; 5–7 kg CFB or EPS	Bundled, pods laid straight
Tendli	5 kg / 10 kg CFB 400×300×180 mm; 5 kg EPS	Perforated liner
Bottle & bitter gourd, brinjal	5 / 10 kg CFB or plastic crates	Gourds individually wrapped on request
Ginger	5 / 10 / 13 kg cartons; 20 kg mesh	Washed and air-dried before packing
Suran	5 / 13 kg jute or net bags	Cured before packing

Labelling & palletisation

- Every carton shows product, variety, grade and size, net weight, packhouse code, lot number, country of origin and packing date
- Retail packs follow the destination's labelling language: Bahasa Indonesia, Malay or English, Vietnamese, English
- Pallets are ISPM 15 heat-treated and stamped, with corner boards and strapping
- Private-label cartons and mesh with the buyer's brand, proofed alongside the quotation

Cold chain, containers & air freight

Reefer container specifications (typical)

Container	Internal L × W × H	Capacity	Max payload	Typical use
20 ft reefer	5.45 × 2.29 × 2.27 m	~28 m ³	~27 t	Mixed or trial lots
40 ft high-cube reefer	11.58 × 2.29 × 2.50 m	~67 m ³	~26–29 t	Onion, potato, ginger, garlic programmes

Exact dimensions and payload vary by carrier and unit; the booking confirms them. A 40 ft reefer of onion in 25 kg mesh usually loads to the unit's payload limit, not its volume.

Setpoints for transit (indicative)

Product	Temperature	Relative humidity	Notes
Onion, shallots	0–2°C	65–70%	Ventilated dry containers also used on short routes; keep dry
Garlic	–1 to 0°C	60–70%	Low humidity prevents mould and rooting
Potato (table)	7–10°C	90–95%	Dark; colder causes sweetening
Tomato (turning)	10–13°C	90–95%	Chilling injury below 10°C
Green chilli, okra	7–10°C	90–95%	Pre-cool before loading
Drumstick	5–8°C	90–95%	Per product page shelf-life data
Brinjal, bottle gourd, tendli	10–12°C	90–95%	Chilling-sensitive
Bitter gourd	12–13°C	85–90%	Separate from ethylene producers
Ginger	12–14°C	65–70%	Colder causes chilling injury
Suran	13–16°C	Dry, ventilated	Cured; ambient ventilated on short routes
Mango (after treatment)	12–13°C	85–90%	Below 10°C causes chilling injury

Setpoints follow standard post-harvest references (USDA Agriculture Handbook 66 ranges) and are confirmed per shipment against transit time and the buyer's store.

Air freight

- Perishable cargo centres at Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Hyderabad, Bengaluru and Kochi airports
- Produce pre-cooled at the packhouse, trucked in reefer vans and tendered as PER cargo
- Overnight to Singapore, Kuala Lumpur and the Gulf; about 10 hours to London; 20–30 hours to US gateways with connections
- Loaded in ULDs or on pallets, with a thermal cover on request

Focus markets — import requirements

Summaries for planning only. Import rules change, and market access is set per product and per origin; the importer confirms current status with its own authorities before the first order.

INDONESIA — PRIORITY MARKET

Trade agreement	ASEAN-India FTA (AITIGA). Form AI certificate of origin for preferential duty.
Import licensing	Horticultural imports need an RIPH import recommendation from the Ministry of Agriculture, then an SPI import approval from the Ministry of Trade. Importer holds an API-U or API-P licence. RIPH applications for the next year open in November.
Quarantine & food safety	Badan Karantina Indonesia (Barantin). Phytosanitary certificate required. Prior Notice of each plant shipment through Barantin's online portal (in force since 6 October 2024). Fresh food of plant origin (PSAT) needs a Certificate of Analysis from a laboratory registered with Barantin.
Entry ports	Which ports a product may enter through depends on whether the origin holds Indonesia's Country Recognition Agreement for it. Origins with a CRA can use Tanjung Priok (Jakarta); others typically enter via Tanjung Perak (Surabaya), Belawan (Medan) or Makassar. Check the current port list before booking.
Transit	16–18 days by sea from Nhava Sheva; Chennai and Tuticorin sailings are shorter. Air via Jakarta (CGK) in 1–2 days.
Lines that fit	Red onion and garlic (RIPH quota basis), potato, ginger outside Indonesia's own harvest, and chilli when domestic prices rise. Labels on retail packs must be in Bahasa Indonesia. Brinjal is not offered here because Indonesia grows its own. Halal certification is being phased in (deadline 17 October 2026); check whether it applies to your product.

MALAYSIA

Trade agreements	AITIGA (Form AI) and the Malaysia-India CECA.
Authority & permits	MAQIS (Malaysian Quarantine and Inspection Services). An import permit sets the conditions for each plant product; phytosanitary certificate, and pre-shipment treatment where the permit requires it.
Ports & transit	Port Klang, Penang, Pasir Gudang. About 7–10 days from Chennai, about 12–14 days from Nhava Sheva. Air via Kuala Lumpur (KUL) overnight.
Lines that fit	Malaysia is the second-largest buyer of Indian onions (about USD 72 M a year). Also rose onion, shallots, garlic, potato, ginger, and air-freighted chilli, okra and drumstick for the Indian community. Prepacked food is labelled in Malay or English.

VIETNAM

Trade agreement	AITIGA. Form AI certificate of origin, issued through DGFT's online platform.
Authority & permits	Plant quarantine under the Ministry of Agriculture and Environment (the plant-protection authority was reorganised in 2025). Phytosanitary certificate required. Products on Vietnam's pest-risk-analysis list need a completed PRA and an import permit before the first shipment.
Ports & transit	Cat Lai (Ho Chi Minh City), Cai Mep, Hai Phong. 16–20 days from Nhava Sheva. Air via SGN or HAN.
Lines that fit	Onion, garlic and ginger. Confirm PRA status for each product and India as origin before contracting.

SINGAPORE

Trade agreement	India-Singapore CECA.
Authority & permits	Singapore Food Agency (SFA). The importer holds an SFA licence for fresh fruit and vegetables and declares each consignment through TradeNet. Produce must not contain prohibited pesticides and is sampled at SFA's discretion. A phytosanitary certificate is required only for specific origins and products.
Ports & transit	PSA Singapore, Jurong: 14–16 days by sea from Nhava Sheva. Changi overnight by air.
Lines that fit	The simplest market in this catalogue: the full air-freight range (chilli, okra, drumstick, tendli, gourds, and brinjal, one of our main brinjal markets), plus onion, potato and garlic by sea. Also a transshipment hub for the region.

UNITED KINGDOM

Trade agreement	India-UK Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement, signed July 2025. Preferential duty applies once it is in force.
Authority & permits	APHA (plant health) under the Border Target Operating Model. The importer registers on IPAFFS and pre-notifies each consignment of regulated produce. A phytosanitary certificate is required for high- and medium-risk produce, and the original is posted to APHA after arrival. Indian chilli and okra face frequent physical and residue checks, so GB MRL compliance is essential.
Ports & transit	Heathrow for air (about 10 hours). Felixstowe and London Gateway by sea, about 22–28 days.
Lines that fit	A large South Asian food market: chilli, okra, drumstick, tendli, gourds and brinjal by air; suran, ginger and onion by sea. Organic lots need a UK-recognised certificate and a GB COI.

UNITED STATES

Trade framework	WTO MFN, no FTA. CBP entry with 10-digit HTS classification and an ISF filing for ocean cargo.
Plant health	USDA APHIS decides admissibility for each product and origin. Only products listed for India in APHIS's Fruits and Vegetables Import Requirements (FAVIR) database may enter, under the conditions listed there (port-of-entry inspection, treatment or permit). Some Indian produce, such as mango, must be irradiated before export. We check FAVIR for every product before quoting.
Food safety	FDA: food facility registration for the packhouse, Prior Notice for every shipment, FSMA Produce Safety Rule standards, and FSVP verification by the US importer.
Ports & transit	NY/NJ, Savannah, Houston, Los Angeles/Long Beach: about 22–35 days by sea. JFK, EWR, ORD and IAH by air.
Lines that fit	Diaspora demand for tendli, drumstick, okra, bitter gourd and suran, plus ginger and onion where admissible. Organic lots must be USDA NOP certified.

Focus markets side by side

Market	Main authority	Importer-side permit	Sea transit	Phytosanitary
Indonesia	Barantin · Kementan · Kemendag	RIPH + SPI, API licence	16–18 d	Required, plus Prior Notice and CoA from a registered lab
Malaysia	MAQIS	MAQIS import permit	7–14 d	Required
Vietnam	Plant quarantine (MAE)	Import permit for PRA- listed items	16–20 d	Required
Singapore	SFA	SFA licence, TradeNet permit	14–16 d	Only for specific products
UK	APHA · FSA	IPAFFS pre-notification	22–28 d	Required for high/medium risk
USA	APHIS · FDA · CBP	FAVIR conditions; FDA Prior Notice	22–35 d	Per FAVIR, product by product

Sources: Badan Karantina Indonesia and USDA FAS GAIN reports (Indonesia); MAQIS; Singapore Food Agency; GOV.UK import guidance for fresh produce; USDA APHIS and FDA; darsavioexim.com corridor pages. Checked September 2026.

Other corridors

Market	Framework	Main lines	Transit	Key extra
UAE	India-UAE CEPA	Full range incl. brinjal and Chausa mango; banana leaf (UAE only)	7–9 d sea; air overnight	Tuta absoluta declaration for chilli
Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Oman	WTO MFN; GCC FTA in negotiation	Onion, potato, chilli, okra, gourds	10–12 d sea	Chamber-attested COO
Bangladesh	SAFTA	Onion, potato, ginger, garlic	1–2 d road	Land-port permissions per product
Sri Lanka	ISFTA	Onion, shallots, potato	3–5 d sea	COO under ISFTA
Nepal	Bilateral trade treaty	Onion, potato, tomato	Road	Plant quarantine at the border
EU (Netherlands hub)	WTO MFN	Air lines, ginger, organic	18–24 d sea	Stricter residue checks on some Indian produce

MOQ, lead time & sampling

Group	MOQ	Lead time from PO	Sample
Onion, potato, garlic (sea)	1 × 40 ft reefer (1 × 20 ft for trials)	5–10 days	Photos and grading report; physical sample on request
Ginger, suran (sea)	1 MT (LCL) or 1 × 20 ft reefer	24–48 hours to dispatch	500 g–2 kg, buyer pays courier
Air lines (chilli, okra, gourds, drumstick, tendli)	300–500 kg per consignment	24–48 hours to dispatch	500 g–1 kg by air express, buyer pays courier
Mango Chausa	1 MT	Jul–Aug; 5–7 days in season	In season only
Banana leaf (UAE only)	100 kg	2–3 days	Timed with the buyer
Dehydrated onion & garlic	2.5 MT per SKU	15–22 days	250 g with CoA
Certified organic	Per line and season	Confirmed with the quote	With the organic certificate copy

PRICING

Quotation on request, FOB / CFR / CIF (sea) or FCA / CPT (air). First reply within 8–12 hours; written quotation within 48 hours once product, grade, pack, volume and destination are confirmed.

PAYMENT

Terms are agreed per order, based on order type, volume and relationship, and confirmed in writing on the proforma invoice.

Quote your vegetable programme

Send the product, grade and size, conventional or organic, pack, weekly or monthly volume, destination port or airport, and INCOTERM. Quotation in your preferred language. First reply within 8–12 hours; formal quotation within 48 hours.

CERTIFICATIONS AVAILABLE ACROSS OUR FARM & PACKHOUSE NETWORK

Conventional and organic lots ship with the certificates the destination market asks for, from farm registration and residue reports to organic and food-safety certification, with traceability from the farm to the buyer's door.



US FDA-registered facilities

Darsavio EXIM Private Limited

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CIN U82990UP2025PTC226042